1 time per year with the board of governors, and shall have such name, functions and be subject to such procedures as may be provided in the bylaws.

"(e) ACTION WITHOUT MEETING.—Any action required or permitted to be taken at any meeting of the board of governors or of any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting if all members of the board or committee, as the case may be, consent thereto in writing, or by electronic transmission and the writing or writings or electronic transmission or transmissions are filed with the minutes of proceedings of the board or committee. Such filing shall be in paper form if the minutes are maintained in paper form and shall be in electronic form if the minutes are maintained in electronic form.

"(f) VOTING BY PROXY.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Voting by proxy is not allowed at any meeting of the board, at the annual meeting, or at any meeting of a chapter.
- "(2) EXCEPTION.—The board may allow the election of governors by proxy during any emergency.
  - "(g) Bylaws.—
- ''(1) IN GENERAL.—The board of governors may—
- "(A) at any time adopt bylaws; and
- "(B) at any time adopt bylaws to be effective only in an emergency.
- "(2) EMERGENCY BYLAWS.—Any bylaws adopted pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) may provide special procedures necessary for managing the corporation during the emergency. All provisions of the regular bylaws consistent with the emergency bylaws remain effective during the emergency.
- ``(h) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section—
- "(1) the term 'entire board' means the total number of members of the board of governors that the corporation would have if there were no vacancies; and
- "(2) the term 'emergency' shall have such meaning as may be provided in the bylaws.". **SEC. 7. POWERS.**

Subsection (a)(1) of section 300105 of title 36, United States Code, is amended by striking "bylaws" and inserting "policies".

# SEC. 8. ANNUAL MEETING.

Section 300107 of title 36, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

## "§ 300107. Annual meeting

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The annual meeting of the corporation is the annual meeting of delegates of the chapters.

"(b) TIME OF MEETING.—The annual meeting shall be held as determined by the board of governors.

- "(c) PLACE OF MEETING.—The board of governors is authorized to determine that the annual meeting shall not be held at any place, but may instead be held solely by means of remote communication subject to such procedures as are provided in the bylaws.
- "(d) VOTING.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In matters requiring a vote at the annual meeting, each chapter is entitled to at least 1 vote, and voting on all matters may be conducted by mail, telephone, telegram, cablegram, electronic mail, or any other means of electronic or telephone transmission, provided that the person voting shall state, or submit information from which it can be determined, that the method of voting chosen was authorized by such person.
- "(2) ESTABLISHMENT OF NUMBER OF VOTES.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The board of governors shall determine on an equitable basis the number of votes that each chapter is entitled to cast, taking into consideration the size of the membership of the chapters, the popu-

lations served by the chapters, and such other factors as may be determined by the board.

"(B) PERIODIC REVIEW.—The board of governors shall review the allocation of votes at least every 5 years."

#### SEC. 9. ENDOWMENT FUND.

Section 300109 of title 36, United States Code is amended—

(1) by striking "nine" from the first sentence thereof; and

(2) by striking the second sentence and inserting the following: "The corporation shall prescribe policies and regulations on terms and tenure of office, accountability, and expenses of the board of trustees.".

### SEC. 10. ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDIT.

Subsection (a) of section 300110 of title 36, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(a) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—As soon as practicable after the end of the corporation's fiscal year, which may be changed from time to time by the board of governors, the corporation shall submit a report to the Secretary of Defense on the activities of the corporation during such fiscal year, including a complete, itemized report of all receipts and expenditures.".

# SEC. 11. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES AND OFFICE OF THE OMBUDSMAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 3001 of title 36, United States Code, is amended by redesignating section 300111 as section 300113 and by inserting after section 300110 the following new sections:

# "§ 300111. Authority of the Comptroller General of the United States

"The Comptroller General of the United States is authorized to review the corporation's involvement in any Federal program or activity the Government carries out under law.

# " $\S$ 300112. Office of the Ombudsman

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The corporation shall establish an Office of the Ombudsman with such duties and responsibilities as may be provided in the bylaws or a resolution of the board of governors.

"(b) REPORT.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Office of the Ombudsman shall submit annually to the appropriate Congressional committees a report concerning any trends and systemic matters that the Office of the Ombudsman has identified as confronting the corporation.

"(2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—For purposes of paragraph (1), the appropriate Congressional committees are the following committees of Congress:

"(A) SENATE COMMITTEES.—The appropriate Congressional committees of the Senate are—

"(i) the Committee on Finance;

"(ii) the Committee on Foreign Relations; "(iii) the Committee on Health, Education,

Labor, and Pensions;
"(iv) the Committee on Homeland Security

and Governmental Affairs; and "(v) the Committee on the Judiciary.

"(B) HOUSE COMMITTEES.—The appropriate Congressional committees of the House of Representatives are—

 $\hat{(i)}(i)$  the Committee on Energy and Commerce:

"(ii) the Committee on Foreign Affairs; "(iii) the Committee on Homeland Security:

"(iv) the Committee on the Judiciary; and "(v) the Committee on Ways and Means.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 3001 of title 36, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 300111 and inserting the following:

"300111. Authority of the Comptroller General of the United States.

"300112. Office of the Ombudsman.

"300113. Reservation of right to amend or repeal.".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from California (Mr. Lantos) and the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. Roslehtinen) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California.

### GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. LANTOS. Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on the bill under consideration.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

Mr. LANTOS. Madam Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

I rise in strong support of this legislation. Wherever disaster strikes, the American Red Cross is on the scene to lend a helping hand in any immediate aftermath. In times of crisis, its staff of 35,000 and over 1 million Red Cross volunteers take on the daunting task of translating the compassion of the American people into shelter, clothing, medical help, and food. Be it a fire that puts a family out of its home or a tornado that tears through an entire community, the Red Cross responds immediately, answering the call of an astonishing 75,000 incidents last year alone.

The relief work of the Red Cross is not limited to our borders. The Red Cross responds to tsunamis and earthquakes and other natural disasters across the globe, providing much-needed assistance to victims. Earlier this month, the Red Cross quickly mobilized to provide the Solomon Islands with safe drinking water, medical care, and emergency shelter after that country was hit with a tsunami.

But the American Red Cross, Madam Speaker, like so many disaster relief organizations, has come under heightened scrutiny after 9/11 and the gulf coast hurricanes of 2005. Particularly, the disaster that New Orleans and the gulf coast suffered and the response to it crystallized the need for reform of this venerable organization, which had not changed its governance structure in over half a century. The leadership of the American Red Cross undertook a 6-month, top-to-bottom comprehensive governance and performance audit. After over 100 interviews of past and present Red Cross officers, volunteer chapter leaders, donors, and many others, the verdict was in: Red Cross governance required a major overhaul.

Last October, Madam Speaker, the Red Cross board of governors unanimously approved a series of changes to improve the governance and the accountability of the organization. But such changes cannot be implemented